MANDATE

from

Circuit Court of Duval County, Florida

CITY OF JACKSONVILLE	Case No: 16-2021-AP-00000		004-XXXX
	Division: AP-A		
On appeal to the Circuit Court of Duval County, Fl	orida from the judgmen	ot of your Court	randarad
on February 3, 2021,	in the action that in	•	
Disciplinary Hearing Final Order			
Evan Otte v. Jacksonville Sheriff's Office, Case no. 20-056-D			
In the Circuit Court of Duval County, Florida, rend	ered its opinion and jud	gment, a copy o	of which is
attached and made part hereof on the date recited therein.			
You are hereby directed that if any further proceed	ings in that action in you	ır Court are req	uired by
the judgment of the Circuit Court of Duval County, Florid	da, such requirements be	carried out, an	d that any
further proceedings in that action in your court be in accor	dance with that judgmer	nt.	
WITNESS the Honorable Cooper, Dees, and Heale	y, Judge of t	he Circuit Cour	t of Duval
County, Florida, at Jacksonville, Florida this the 3rd day of July		, 20 24	
	JODY PHILLIPS CLERK OF THE CIRC By: Deputy		
Laur Banka			
C: Laura Boeckman			

OR BK 21113 PAGE 603

Filing # 200480671 E-Filed 06/13/2024 11:56:00 AM

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR

DUVAL COUNTY, FLORIDA

CASE NO: 16-2021-AP-000004

DIVISION: AP-A

JACKSONVILLE SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Petitioner,

v.

EVAN OTTE,

Respondent.

Petition for Writ of Certiorari from the decision of the Jacksonville Civil Service Board

June 13, 2024

PER CURIAM

The Jacksonville Sheriff's Office ("JSO") terminated Evan Otte for cause, effective immediately. Otte waived a hearing before a disciplinary hearing board, but filed a motion for back pay with the Jacksonville Civil Service Board. JSO objected, arguing that a terminated employee was not entitled to back pay. After a hearing, the Civil Service Board determined that Otte was entitled to back pay because his termination was the effective equivalent of an immediate suspension pending a hearing, and the first hearing he received was the one in front of the Board.

A decision of a local board or agency not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act is reviewable as a common-law petition for certiorari. <u>Haines City Cmty. Dev. v. Heggs</u>, 658 So. 2d

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523, 530 (Fla. 1995) (citing De Groot v. Sheffield, 95 So. 2d 912 (Fla. 1957)). On certiorari review,

this Court "is not entitled to reweigh the evidence or substitute its judgment for that of the agency."

Id. (citing Educ. Dev. Ctr., Inc. v. City of West Palm Beach Zoning Bd. of Appeals, 541 So. 2d

106, 108 (Fla. 1989)). Instead, this Court must apply the following three-part standard of review:

(1) whether procedural due process is accorded; (2) whether the essential requirements of law have

been observed; and (3) whether the administrative findings and judgment are supported by

competent substantial evidence. Id. (citing City of Deerfield Beach v. Vaillant, 419 So. 2d 624,

625-26 (Fla. 1982)).

The only question before this Court is whether the Civil Service Board departed from the

essential requirements of the law when it awarded back pay to Otte. A departure from the essential

requirements of the law occurs when there is "a violation of a clearly established principle of law

resulting in a miscarriage of justice." Anchor Prop. and Casualty Ins. Co. v. Tesini, 319 So. 3d 129

(Fla. 3d DCA 2021) (quoting Lacaretta Rest. v. Zepeda, 115 So. 3d 1091, 1093 (Fla. 1st DCA

2013)). There is nothing clearly erroneous about the Board's determination that Otte's termination

became effective after the hearing. Accordingly, JSO has failed to demonstrate reversible error

and the Petition is **DENIED**.

COOPER, DEES, AND HEALEY, JJ., CONCUR.

Laura Boeckman, counsel for Petitioner

Tad Delegal, counsel for Respondent.

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